THIS MORNING?

WHEELING, W. VA., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1899.

PRICE TWO CENTS. (ON TRAINS

VOLUME XLVIII-NUMBER 93.

BABB PASSES A CREDITABLE **EXAMINATION.**

A West Virginian's Marked Success in Obtaining a Lieutenancy in Marine Corps.

THE PRESIDENT NOMINATES

Supervisors of Census for This State. Bills Introduced by Dovener and Freer.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.-Through the efforts of Representative Dayton, Macker Babb, known as Colonel Babb, of the West Virginia National Guards, was to-day commissioned as a second lieutenant in the United States Marin; Corps. Lieutenant Macker Babb passed with great credit a rigid examination for appointment, being one of a class of twenty, of whom but six made the requisite average. It is a life position, and one that places the holder in line for promotion to the top of the The success with which Lieutenant Babb passed through the ordeal of examination was most creditable to himself and his state. It was an exination which tested his capacity and gives him high standing. Mr. Dayton is especially pleased with the re-

Representative Freer to-day introduced a bill for the relief of the M. E. church, south, at Point Pleasant; a bill to pension William H. Johnson, of Huntington, and a bill to pension Solomon Beck, of Huntington.

Among the West Virginians in the city to-day are Hon. Lewis Largent, of Morgan county, and Postmaster W. H. Hunter, of Berkeley Springs. The latter is here to make a report concerning the recent robbery of the postoffice at Berkeley Springs. His loss is placed at \$1,000.

Major Hunter, of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, and Colonel Baubie, of the Southern Transportation Company, where here to-day, in consultation with Representative Dayton. The former discussed matters in connection with procuring the right of way for a proposed new railroad in Barbour county, and the latter had business concerning recent large investments of his com-

pany in the county.

Harmer, or Clarksburg, Harrison county; Lamar C. Powell, of Fairmont, Marion county; Edmund L. Dunn, of Red Sulphur Springs, Monroe county, and Thomas A. Brown, of Elizabeth, Wirt county, have been nominated by the President for appoin ment as supervisors of the Twelfth census for West Virginia, in the several

districts, which they represent.

The nomination of David V. Chadwick, a citizen of West Virginia, as asappointment, to date from the 25th of April, 1899.

DOVENER'S ACTIVITY

In Looking After the Interests of His Constituents - Relief and Other Measures Introduced by Him in

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Representative Dovener has introduced the following bills among others since the

opening of Congress: For the relief of Joseph Fitzpatrick, of Gienville, Gilmer county; for the relief of the heirs of Moses Cunningham, cased, of Braxton co relief of Benjamin F. Harrison, Company H. Forty-fifth regiment, Ohlo volunteer infantry; for the relief of Alexander Lucas, of Viola, Marshall county; to increase the pension of Amella Hutchinson, widow of W. L. Hutchinson; to pension Ella P. Snyder; for the relief of John W. Kennedy, of Wheeling; for a pension to Halph Whitehead, of Wheeling; for the relief of H. H. John, of Weston, Lewis county; authorizing additional compensation to the assistant commissioners to industrial exhibition at Melbourne, Australia; granting an increase of penburg; granting an increase of pension relief of the widow and heirs of Wm. Wetzel county; for the relief of Robert R. Furbey; granting relief to the beirs of the late J. H. Doddridge, of Wheeling; for the relief of the executor of Wm. Dillon, deceased; for the relief | der consideration. of Oakley Randall, of Fairmont; for the relief of Jehu Gum, of Churchville; Vingrove, Wetzel county; for the relief bert Longwall, of Earnshaw, Wetzel county; granting a pension to Mary E. Radcliffe, of Wheeling; for the relief of D. B. Clarke, of Wheeling; granting private Company B, Tenth West Virginia volunteer infantry; to remove the charge of descriten from the military record of George Herrman; for the Lewis county; for the relief of Maramon A. Martin, late private Company A. Sixth West Virginia volunteer in

Smith, deceased, of Wheeling; for the relief of John P. Fox, of Adamston; THE GOLD Harrison county; to pension Isaac D. Winters, of Sand Hill, Marshall county; to grant a pension to Andrew McMorrow, of Morley, Braxton county; granting a pension to Hachel E. Newell, of Chapel; granting a pension to Abner Robinson, of Sardis, Harrison county late private Company G. Third West Virginia volunteer infantry; to grant a pension to Andrew Carr, of Tanner Gilmer county.

THE LODGE RESOLUTION

For Purchase of the Galapagos Islands May Result in Securing a That Has Always Been Their Long Coaling Station to the United

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.-Senato Lodge called at the state department to talk with Secretary Hay about his Galapagos islands resolution. As to the basis of his resolution of inquiry, he said that al! the information he had as government to secure the islands was derived from newspaper sources. state department itself had no direct information of any recent movement looking to the acquisition of the islands, but will refer the resolution of inquiry to United States Minister Sampson, at Quito, for a response.

It would not be at all surprising, it is said here, if the ultimate result of the broaching of this subject now were the acquisition of a coaling station on these islands by the United States government. In fact, the navy department has within the past year been making a quiet investigation into the facilities there existing, with that object in view. Commander Tanner was dispatched to Galapagoa Islands just after the conclusion of the war with Spain, to make a personal examination of the conditions existing. He found that the Ecuadorian government had some years ago abandoned its penal station on Charles Island, leaving be hind a large number of domestic ani-mals in a half-wild state, and these flocks had enormously increased. Only one of the half dozen islands was inhabited, namely, Chatham Island, and that island had but one inhabitant in the person of a Mr. Coboss. He was of Ecuadorian birth, but was a natural-

England Professes Ignorance. LONDON, Dec. 8.—So far as can be ascertained by the Associated Press, Great Britain is not negotiating for the purchase of the Galapagos islands from Ecuador, nor has she any intention of securing the islands. Official ignorance is professed on the whole matter and there is some astonishment at the action of the United States Senate in passing Senator Lodge's resolution re-quiring President McKinley to inform the senate regarding Ecuador's pro-posed sale of the islands. The Assoclated Press learns that Ecuador may be said to have no intention to parting with the islands at any price. Whether or not unofficial steps were taken by Great Britain with the view of their sistant paymaster in the navy, has also possible purchase is a mere matter of been sent in by the President, for the surmise. But it is certain, according to the highest British officials, these steps never reached the stage of official nego

ized American citizen.

tintions. Special cable dispatches from the United States interpreting the senate's action as emphasizing the United States' adherence to the Monroe doctrine have caused no stir in official cir-cles here, as it is believed the international relations between the two countries have been so changed since the Venezuelan question that Monroeism will never again cause a misunder-

the Manner in Which Charges Against Him Were Prepared-The

Committee Adjourned to Monday. WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.-The comnittee which is to inquire into the sta tus of Mr. Itoberts, of Utah, held a protracted session behind closed doors day. During the early hours of the meeting Mr. Roberts was present and made a statement as to his general wishes in connection with the inquiry. He said he was especially desirous o having the committee first go into his prima facie right to a seat, afterwards taking up the general merits of the sion to George J. Stealy, of Clarks- subject. He said he favored open resslops. He indicated also that he deto I. H. Duval, of Wellsburg; for the sired to present testimony relative to the manner in which the charges L. Cunningham, deceased, of Vancamp, against him were prepared. Mr. Roberts then retired and the committee continued in private session until 12:30, when a recess was taken until 2 p. m. The details of procedure were still un-

The 2 o'clock meting was brief and was adjourned until 10 o'clock to-moralso granting an increase of pension to row morning. No announcement was Wm. L. Alley, of Lynncamp; granting made except that Chairman Taylor, a pension to Charles W. W. Haney, of (Ohio), said the work was progressing satisfactorily and smoothly. It is unof George W. Sullivan, of Centerpoint, derstood that some question exists as Doddridge county; for the relief of to whether Roberts shall be treated as a contesting member or be asked to plend as in a trial, and the committee will probably hear him further before reaching a conclusion.

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

The National Convention to Meet Next February.

MEMPHIS, Dec. S.-The members of the national organization of the Peoe's party met here to-day. The committee urged the national executive ommittee to call the national conven-

committee to call the national convention in February, 1800.

Frush, late of Company B. Third West Virginia infantry, and later of Company B. Sixth West Virginia eavairy volunteers; granting a pension to Nicholas C. Wilson, of Braxton county; for the relief of the heirs of James A. The period of the heirs of the period of the period of the heirs of the period of the period of the period of the heirs of the period of

STANDARD MEASURE

Of the Republican Caucus to be Debated for a Week, When a Vote Will be Taken.

OF COURSE DEMOCRATS KICK,

Suit-Cheerful Observations by Grosvenor.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8 .- Mr. Roberts, the Mormon representative-elect from Utah, was not in the hall when the house convened to-day. It was agreed immediately after the reading of the journal that when the house adourned to-day it be to meet on Mon-

Mr. Dalzell (Penna.), from the com mittee on rules, then presented the amendments to the rules agreed upon by that committee for the creation of a committee on insular affairs, to con sist of seventeen members, to have jurisdiction "over all matters (excepting those affecting the revenues and the appropriations) pertaining to the islands which came, to the United States through the treaty of 1899 with Spain and to Cuba," and to increase the membership of the committees on foreign affairs, merchant marine and fisheries, public lands, military affairs, naval affairs and District of Columbia, from fifteen to seventeen members, and the committee on territories from thirteen to fifteen.

Mr. Bailey (Texas) said the minority of the rules committee held no differ ace of opinion as to the propriety of the creation of the proposed insular committee, but it did dissent from the idea that the committee should be cre-ated for the purpose of "permanently dealing" with the islands.

Mr. Dalzell replied there was nothing in the resolution which intimated that the committee was to deal with our new possessions permanently. Th resolution was adopted without divis-

Mr. Dalzell then offered the resolution for the consideration of the cur rency bill. It provided for general de-bate beginning next Monday until next Friday, debate under the five-minute rule on Safurday and a vote upon the bill immediately after the reading of the journal on Monday, the 18th. Mi Dalzell said there was no disposition upon the part of the majority to unduly press the bill. It presented single propositions which had already been debated in the house. The committee on rules was of the opinion that the rule offered ample time for debate.

Mr. Richardson, upon behalf of the minority, said he dissented most em phatically from the proposition ad-vanced by Mr. Dalzell that the bill to be considered contained nothing radi-cally new. For the first time in the history of the country it was proposed by statutory provisions to fasten the gold standard upon the country. If such a suggestion had been made two or three years ago, he said, half the other side would have been up in arms against it. He considered the rule un-usual and unjust to the minority. But one day was to be given the minority to study the bill, while members of the majority had six months in which to prepare themselves. Mr. Richardson

POLYGAMIST ROBERTS

change of base.

Mr. Balley (Texas) declared that the proposed course of the majority was without precedent or defense. He made an elaborate argument to provide the most shockingly burned this affect was a question to which the best and most careful consideration should be given.
The minority was entitled to present its objections after mature deliberation in order that at the proper time the appeal could be taken from the American Congress to that higher tribunal, the American people. Further more the special order denied the right of the minority to recommit, a privi lege hitherto never denied the minor-

Mr. Grosvenor (Ohio), in support of the rule, argued that it could not be justly said that it would unduly curtail debate and consideration. As to the charge that members of the majority would find it difficult to explain their change of front, he said, it was one of the proudest boasts of the Re publican party that it was wiser now than it was a good many years ago "The Democratic party," said he, "was the only well recognized deme tion of a great organization which had survived a long period without learn ing anything." (Applause and laugh

If gentlemen on his side were obliged to apologize, said Mr. Grosvenor, he predicted that gentlemen on the other side would find it difficult to hold themselves together. "The past of the Re-publican party," said he, "is behind it; of its present it is proud and its future is assured. Can the gentleman from Tennessee say as much?"

Was the future of this bill assured until after the caucus had been held?" asked Mr. Richardson, amid Demo cratic applause.

"There never was a caucus in this ouse," replied Mr. Grosvenor, "which came together with such unanimity of Mrs. John Shawsburg left this city purpose as that which endorsed this (Republican applause.)

Mr. Cannon (Ilis.), in response to the thrust of Mr. Richardson, frankly said he had voted for free coinage of silver in 1878, but he had done so because of the impending resumption of special payments when the Democratic party

as howling for flat money. But specie payments had been resumed without disaster despite the Democratic howis. Since that the country has been on the gold standard.

Mr. Dalzell closed the debate by recalling some of the rules under which the Democrats had forced through important bills in the Fifty-second and Fifty-third Congresses. He referred particularly to the adoption of the cahference report in the Fifty-second Cor gress upon the tariff bill, which "the greatest Democrat since Andrew Jack son, Grover Cleveland (derisive laughter on the Democratic side), had pro nounced a piece of party perfidy and

He described this proceedure as a "rape of all precedents," and cited other cases where he said "gag rule" had been employed.

Mr. Richardson attempted to reply o these statements, but Mr. Dalzell refused to yield, and the special order was adopted, 163 to 144, a strict party

Mr. Robertson (La.) then announced the death of the late Representative S. G. Baird, of Louisiaina, and after the adoption of the customary resolutions, at 1:30 p. m. as a further of respect, the house adjourned until

GOV. ATKINSON

Sustained by the Supreme Court in the Contention Over the Committal of Hatfield-An Important Precedent Established.

pecial Dispatch to the Intelligencer, CHARLESTON, W. Va., Dec. 8.—The controversy between Governor Atkin-son and the Mingo circuit court, over the committal of Elias Hatfield to the penitentiary, was settled to-day, when the supreme court dismissed a writ of mandamus ordering the warden to appear and show cause why he should not obey the order of the court to receive the prisoner. The court's decision sustains the stand taken by Governor Atkinson, who contended that he had a right to grant a reprieve. The petitioners for the mandamus contended that the governor has such power only in the case of prisoners under sentence of death. It was the first time that the question has ever been raised in this state, and the court's decision, in which all four judges concurred, thus establishes a precedent. The action of the governor, which stated the controversy, was a reprieve of thirty days to allow further time for an appeal to be taken by Hatfield's attorneys. Governor Atkinson appeared before the court in person and explained his motives. the supreme court dismissed a writ of

ANOTHER GRAND JURY To Consider Case Against Young Beckham.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligences, CHARLESTON, W. Va., Dec. 8,— Judge Faulkner, of the circuit court of Jefferson county, to-day issued a ven-ire facias summoning a new grand jury ire facias summoning a new grand jury for the present term of the court, returnable Monday next (the first jury having been discharged), to investigate the alleged charge of arson against William Beckham, the thirteen-year-old son of Dr. H. C. Beckham, for the burning of the barn of Mr. J. C. Tabler, a prominent farmer residing near Duffields, the fire having occurred about a month ago. The jury is called at the request of Dr. Beckham and Prosecuting Attorney W. F. Brown, the lad having been held to answer for the alleged offense by Justice David Howell, before whom he was given a hearing a few days ago.

Howell, before whom he was given a hearing a few days ago.

The case of George W. Green against Mrs. Minnie Wardell for an account of nearly three hundred dollars, was tried to-day by jury and resulted in a verdict for 355 for the plaintiff. A motion for a new trial was made by counsel for Mrs. Wardell.

Several chancery cases were argued,

Several chancery cases were argued, and court adjourned till Monday.

PROBABLY PATALLY BURNED Was Miss Biggs-Aged Lady Seriously Injured.

caught fire, but she was enveloped with flames, which she inhaled. No hopes are entertained of her living any length

of time.

Miss Ellen Irwin, widow of the late
Rev. John L. Irwin, was very seriously
hurt by falling while descending the
stairs. Her hip was broken, and she
was otherwise hurt. Dr. Brownfield
reduced the fracture, but there is slight
hope of her ever being able to walk, as
she is eighty-four years old.

Recent Incorporations.

pecial Dispatch to the Intelligence CHARLESTON, W. Va., Dec. Articles of incorporation were obtained ere yesterday by owners of the Bro kerhoff tracts in Braxton county, for ral lumber business, Washington Coal Company, of Mich-

gan, Fayette county, composed of J.
Boone, of Fayette, and others.
The Big Sandy Navigation Company,
ith the principal office at Kenova, in Wayne county.
The St. Mary's and Minor's Mills Tel-

telephone line from St. Mary's Minor's Mills, in Pleasants county. Mary's t

Will Not Down-Wants His Job. pecial Dispatch to the Intelligencer. CHARLESTON, W. Va., Dec. & -- An

application was made to-day to the su-preme court by S. P. Wliey, until repreme court by S. P. Wiley, until re-cently chief of police of Huntington, for a writ of prohibition to prevent the city council of Huntington from sus-pending him further. The council sought to remove him, but could not obtain the necessary two-thirds vote, and therefore merely suspended him in-definitely. Wiley claims that the sus-pension is practically a removal, and is therefore, a violation of law.

Missing Woman Located.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. CHARLESTON, W. Va., Dec. 8. many years ago and all trace of her was lost by her relatives. A few days

CONTEST

And the Kentucky Election Commis sioners Will Recommend Granting

VIRTUALY

A CERTIFICATE TO TAYLOR.

But Goebel and Beckham Will Contest Before the Coming Legislature.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Dec. 8.-The state board of elections to-night gave out their official findings that W. S. Taylor for governor and the rest of the ticket have been elected on the face of the returns.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Dec. 8 .- All pretense of a fight for the certificate of election as governor has been given up by the Goebel people, and whether a contest will be made in the legislature is really yet to be determined. It will depend very largely upon the wording of the opinion, which Commissioners Ellis and Pryor will hand down at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning. If it im plies that the commissioners believe fraud was committed, which might invalidate the election, did they as a can vessing board have the legal right to go behind the certified returns, it is almost certain that contest will be made.

Otherwise it is uncertain. The Democratic candidates for the minor offices on the state ticket, acting on the belief that the commissioners' opinion will contain implications of fraud, have already decided to fight before the state contesting board for the positions to which they believe themselves entitled. They held several con-ferences during the day, but it was not definitely determined until 3 o'clock in the afternoon to make the contests.

Commissioners Ellis and Pryor were busy all day writing their opinion, and it was dark before Mr. Ellis, who did most of the writing, had finished his task. Neither he nor Judge Pryor made any denial of the fact that they would decide that Taylor is entitled to the certificate. They would not discuss the matter, but tacitly admitted that it was

The politicians of both parties departed from Frankfort in great number during the day, and the town to-night is practically deserted. All the Democratic and Republican attorneys have left for home, the former going this morning and the latter this afternoon. Colonel Jack Chinn, who has been attached to the Goebel headquarters, left late this afternoon, remarking with a laugh as he passed through the hotel door: "I guess it is all up with us for this time.

There is no indication of any trouble. There has been a great amount of money bet on the election throughout Kentucky as to who would be the next governor of the state, and the bettors are trying to decide whether, if Taylor is declared governor, and later ousted by the legislature as not being a legal incumbent, he was in fact, actually governor at all in the eyes of the law The Taylor bettors construe it one way, and naturally the Goebel men figure it out differently. There has been so much money wagered on the outcom that the thing has really a serious side to It.

The story that Judge Pryor will reprepare themselves. Mr. Richardson taunted the majority for their sudden change of base.

Mr. Bailey (Texas) declared that the proposed course of the majority was without precedent or defense. He made an elaborate argument to prove that it was a proposition to hastily determine a question to which the best and most late elections have been disposed of. At the close of a conference to-day former Senator Blackburn authorized the statement that Goebel and Beck ham will centest before the legislature and that all minor candidates will con-

est before the state contest board. DEMAGOGIC LENTZ Gets in His Work-Wants Idaho Mining Troubles Investigated. WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Representa-

ive Lentz, of Ohio, to-day introduced a joint resolution, reciting the charges growing out of the presence of the United States troops, under Brigadier General Merriam, at the centers of the minng troubles in Idaho, and asking for an investigation by a special committee of nine members, to be appointed by the of nine members, to be appointed by the speaker. The resolution says that it is a matter of general information that United States troops were sent to Idaho in defiance of and contrary to the federal constitution, at the individual request of the governor, when no riot or insurrection existed, and without consulting the legislature or the local sherifas. It is asserted that General Merriam declared martial law and "arbitrarily and without warrant of law, arrested hundreds of cliziens, and held them under the most brutal and tyran-

mical conditions."

The arrests, it is charged, included many members of the miners' union and the local sheriff. It is asserted that many men were imprisoned in a "bull sen, a place unfit for human habitalion."

under the most brutal and tyran

Allegation is made that one prisoner became insone from the treatment, and escaping was shot as he jumped into the river. In another case, it is charged, a dying prisoner was denied spiritual consolation. Specific acts of cruelty are given, including compulsory standing creet for seven hours each day in the hot sun, under penalty of death if attempt was made to move or sit down, it is alleged, also, that a captain under General Merriam, "smused himself by calling prisoners "cowardly curs," while these punishments were being inflicted. The resolution also rectites that the wives and families of miners were insulted by sedders, and it is alleged that responsibility for the various actions seedled each of the various actions seedled each of the control of the various actions seedled each of the various actions and the various actions seedled each of the various actions seedled each of the various actions and the various actions and the various actions actions are the various actions and the various actions and the various actions actions actions and the various actions act Allegation is made that one prise

RECENT OUTBREAK

In Negros Result of False Rumors of Insurgent Victories - Aguinaldo's Retreat Supposed to be Headed Off. WASHINGTON. Dec. 8. — General Ous to-day cabled the war department in regard to the uprising in Negros, as "MANILA, Dec. 8.

"I am informed the outbreak of na tives in the districts of Negros was the result of the reported recent great h surgent victories in Luson and Panay, which the natives believe. The extent of the outbreak has not yet been as pertained. Lieut. A. C. Ledyard, Sixth infantry, was killed, and two privates infaniry, was killed, and two privates were wounded. Lieut Ledyard was a son of Henry B. Ledyard, of the Michigan Central Railway, and a nephew of General Rangeles, formerly adjutant general of the army. He enlisted as a private in the First Connecticut artillery, at the outbreak of the Spanish war. He was transferred into the regular service July 5, 1898, and he was attached to General Miles' staff in the Porto Bican campaign.

One of our chief difficulties arises from the circulation of falsehoods among the natives. Defamatory articles of United States and Europe are promptly published in Spanish in Ban Francisco, Madrid and by the Hong Kong junta, and circulated in the Philippines. The insurents have based all hopes upon false rumora."

Kong junta, and circulated in the Philippines. The insurgents have based all hopes upon false rumora."

A second dispatch from General Olia, dated Manila, to-day, says:
The hospital ship Rellef, just returned from Vigan, bringing two hundred and seventy-two sick soldiers and two hundred and thirty-two Spanish prisoners, reports several hundred Spanish prisoners at Vigan, for which we send a transport this evening. Colonel Hare, of the Thirty-third infantry, took Bangued on the fifth instant, and now with a portion of his regiment and a battalion of the Thirty-touth infantry is in pursuit of the insurgents, on the road southeast to Lepanto, thence to Bontocon, toward which aguinaido and three hundred insurgents are supposed to be retreating with American prisoners. The inhabitants of the western Luzon coust are friendly, and give assistance."

General Otis also reports the arrival of the transport Olympia, with the Thirty-ninth infantry, one battalion of the Forty-fifth infantry and some recruits. There were no casualties during the voyage.

The town of Bontoco, towards which

The town of Bontoco, towards which Aguinaldo, with his bodyguard, is said to be retreating, lies in the mountain fastnesses about fifty-five or sixty miles coutheast of Vigan. If this last report as to Aguinaldo's whereabouts is true, it indicates that he has been headed off to the northward for the first time, and is being compelled to retrace his steps towards the south. If he is is striving to regain his old stronghold in Cavite province, his chances of success are very slight.

GRADE OF VICE ADMIRAL

Likely to be Revived, and the President Indicates That in Case This is Done Both Sampson and Schley Will be Advanced to That Bank.

NEW YORK(Dec. 8.-A special to the Herald from Washington says: "President McKinley, during an in terview with Senator Wellington, expressed himself in favor of reviving the grade of vice admiral in the interest of both Rear Admiral Sampson and Rear Admiral Schley. He believes that this is the simplest solution of the whole Sampson-Schley controversy, and it is expected that Senator Wellington will introduce a bill in a few days providing for two vice admirals without spec

ifying names, 'The President very frankly said that if such a bill became a law he would promptly nominate Schley and Sampson. This arrangement, both the President and Senator Wellington be-lieve, will meet the approval of a majority of the friends of both officers.

TO SUCCEED HAYWARD.

Appointment Will be Made by Middle of Next Week.

7. Allen and G. M. Hitchcock, publisher of the Omaha World-Herald, are ousy organizing their forces, however. The Fusion members of the last leg-

islature are practically all unanimous in urging Allen's appointment. As they are practically all Populists and Governor Poynter is a Populist, this is counted upon to have its effect. The Democrats are apparently united on Hitchcock and are making their strong est fight on the plea that the Demi share of offices under the fusion ar rangement. The governor has announced the appointment would not be made before the middle of next week, to be heard.

LIEUT. LEDYARD, Killed at Negros, Comes of a Distin-

guished Family.

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. S.—The news
of the death of Lieut. Augustus C. Ledyard, who was killed in Negros, was bro ken to-day to his father, Henry C. Ledyard, president of the Michigan Central rallway, while the father was en route home from New York. It was decided to send an intimate friend to meet the president's our, and endeavor to soften the blow. The lieutenant was Mr. Led-yard's second son. He was at Yale at the outbreak of the Spanish war, and at the outbreak of the Spanisa war, and he had outlined for himself a railroad career. Joining the patriotic rush of students, he enlisted in a New York battery, and spent most of his time as a volunteer in camp life, near Tampa, Afterward, at his own and his father's desire, he entered the regular army as second lieutrant. He was a grandeon of the famous General Lewis Cass.

Lafavette Souvenir Dollars.

tary of the treusury to-day ordered the purchase of allver bullion for the special mintage of the Lafayette souvenir dollars. Arrangements are making to mint them on Tuesday, the 12th, and it is almost certain that coins will be delivered to subscribers before Christmas.

THE ACTUAL DEMANDS FOR CONSUMPTION

Have Run Far Beyond the Producing Capacity, Pushing to Remarkable Expansion.

DUN & CO.'S WEEKLY REVIEW

Prices of Pig Iron Strongly Maintained - Output for First Half of Next Year Sold

NEW YORK, Dec. 8 .- R. Q. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade to-morrow will say: "The approach of a new year usually

brings so much of hesitation that th small shrinkage this year is surprising. Probably never before have the produtive forces of the country been so largeensuring employment and profit far into the coming year. This results, not from any mere speculative excitement, but from actual demands for consumption running far beyond the producing capacity heretofore, and pushing it to remarkable expansion. The increase in foreign trade has been insignificant compared with the increase of 14,000,-000,000 in payments through clearing houses For the week the payments have been 20.3 per cent larger than last year and 28.1 per cent larger than in

"Prices of pig iron are strongly maintained, though extraordinary promise increase of over a quarter in producing capacity within a year, be cause the entire output of most fur naces for the first and in part of the last half of next year has been sold already.
"Sheet bars are a shade lower, cwing

to the closing of many tin plate works. Demands for cars and other railway equipments are enormous, and also for shipping, both lake and ocean. Tin is weak at 27% cents, and copper declined to 16%, but lead and spelter are stronger. "Hides are again stronger at Chicago,

although receipts of cattle at the four chief western warkets in eleven months have been 3 per cent larger than in the previous year, as the demand for con imption in manufactures has evidently increased much more. Thus western eduction of boots and shoes has gain ed more than eastern, and yet ship ments from Boston for the year have been 272,000 cases, or 9.3 per cent more than last year, and 337,000 cases or 27.5 per cent more than in 1892, when cattle receipts were 7.8 per cent larger than

this year.
"Wool has advanced further, with much speculative buying, though most manufacturers have supplied wants for Higher prices demanded in the interior, and rising prices abroad, give confidence in spite of the fact that goods have advanced from the lowest point this year only 19.2 per cent.

"Cotton is weakened by accounts of large quantities held back, and has declined an eighth, but reports are sufficiently conflicting to make speculation notive, notwithstanding the decrease of for three months of the crop year. Takings of spinners have been large, the demand for cotton goods is heavy and covers production far ahead in many

only 3,359,677 bushels, against 5,636,767 last year, and Pacific exports, 886,172, against 556,523 last year. Failures for the week have been 221 in

the United States against 248 last year and 33 in Canada against 22 last year.

REPUBLICAN PROSPERITY Brings Ten Per Cent Increase in

Wages.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Dec. 8.—Ancouncement was made of a ten per cent ncrease in wages in the mills of the Boston Duck Company, to take effect December 18. Four thousand men are affected.

BOSTON, Dec. 8.-The executive con mittee of the American Woolen Com-pany voted to-day to make a general pany voted to-day or the increase of 10 per cent in wages of employes. The increase will affect mills it all sections of New England, and will benefit 26,000 hands. The advance will take effect January 1.

MACRUM HEARD FROM.

Mr. Adelbert Hay to Sail To-day for Pretoria.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8,-Mr. Macrus

has broken his long silence and in a cable message received at the state de partment to-day, dated Pretoria, he amounces that he will sail on the 18th inst, via Naples, for the United States. This is an indication that he has received the department's cablegram granting his application for leave of absence.

absence.

Mr. Adelbert Hay, who is going to
Pretoria to replace Mr. Macrum, will
leave Washington to-morrow to begin
his journey.

Probable Pottery Combination.

Probable Pottery Commination.

EAST LIVERPOOL, Ohio, Dec. 8.—It develops that the pottery manufacturers at their meeting yesterday, in addition to advancing prices, took steps to revive the proposed combination, which was blocked last winter by the Akron China Company refusing to enter the combination.

FIFTEEN THOUSAND BOERS

Confront Lord Methuen, Who is Believed to Have 11,000 Men, Aided by an Armored Train From Kimberley-Boer Side of the Modder River Fight.

LONDON, Dec. 8.—General Forestier-Welker has sent the following dispatch, dated at 9 o'clock last (Friday) eve-ning to the war office, from Cape

Telegraph and railway communic tion to Modder river has ben reopened. A battery of field artillery and a battalion of infantry were dispatched from Modder river against Commandant Prins Loos' ferce of 1,000 Beers, with one gun, had destroyed the railway. Our loisses were fourteen in wounded.

"Belmont has been strengthened by infantry, and two guns and a cavalry regiment, and troops from Nazuw Poors occupied Arundel Thursdy. "The enemy's force near General Gat-

ers are reported as follows: "At Dordrecht, 800; marching from

"At Dordrecht, 800; marching from Jameston to Dordrecht, 800, with six guns; at Stormberg, 1,500; at Waterfall, a large force, strength unknown; at Molteno, about 400."

Some interesting light was thrown on the position of affairs along the western frontier by a dispatch issued by a Boer agency last evening in Berlin. The dispatch says:

"Commandant Prins Loos' force is near Jacobscal, between Modder river, and Riet river. General Cronfe is still on the north bank of Modder river, his rear being protected by fortified positions."

near Jacobsdal, between Modder river and Rist river. General Cronje is still on the north bank of Modder river, his rear being protected by fortified pesitions at Spytoniein. The hills between Modder river and Spytoniein and those between Jacobsdal and Riet river are occupied by Boers. Commandant Delarcy's force is stationed between Grass Para and Honey Nest Kloof."

If this Berlin dispatch is correct—and it is especially significant when judged in connection with General Forentier-Walker's advices to the war office—there must be some 16,008 Boers around Lord Methuen, who is believed to have 11,000 men. Kimberley, however, possessing an armored train, can materially assist Methuen by harassing the Boers from the rear.

According to a special dispatch from Lourenac Marques, the Modder river bettle is described as "one of the farcess the Boers ever experienced."

The correspondent goes on to say: "The Boers freely acknowledge the herculess assaults of the British, and the death-dispensing rides of the attacking infantry, but they held their position for thirteen hours against the flower of the British force, replying solely with their Musers, and maintaining an uninterrupted ride fire. The Boer artillery was silenced early in the battle through the overwhelming number of the British artillery."

FOURTH DISTRICT

Being Looked After by Representa-tive Freer-Bills Introduced.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer WASHINGTON, Dec. 8 .- The foll ing bils! have been introduced by Mr. Freer, of the Fourth district: To restore the name of Adam J. Brannen to the pension roll and to al-

low him a pension; to pension William Hurd; recognizing Company A, of the Eleventh West Virginia militia, aa United States soldiers, etc.; for the re-lief of Crispen M. Stone; for the relief of Wm. M. Jordan; for the relief of Wm. Lloyd; for the relief of Preston the present, and are less disposed to Wm. Lloyd; for the relief of Present purchase at price now averaging higher H. Turiy; for the relief of Allen than at any time since June 15, 1891. leaf; for the relief of Captain C. Fuli leaf; for the relief of Captain C. Fuller's company of West Virginia militia; for the relief of Joseph E. Inscofor the relief of Mrs. Elisabeth Nelson; for the relief of Adolphus R. Clark; for the relief of J. A. Newbe ough; granting a pension to Charles H. Dollman; to pension John Greer; for the relief of Mrs. Druxfila Stump; for the relief of the trustees of the Bantist church of Guyandotte; for the re-830,000 bales or 29.4 per cent in exports lief of Mrs. Catherine Childers; for the relief of John O. McGrew; for the relief of Rudolph Staats; for the relief of

Captain Sidney F. Shaw. Granting relief to West Virginia state

COLOMBIAN REVOLUTION

At an End-Probability That Venez-uela May be Attacked.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—The cruiser Detroit has sailed from Carthagena for Colon, where she will lawait orders from the navy department, the revoluti movement in Colombia being regarded

as at an end.

The captain of the Detroit reports, however, that the Colombian government is measure troops on the Venezueln border, and the understanding is that they are about to attack General Can-tro's forces in revenge for the assist-ance which the general is supposed to have extended to the Celombian revolu-

Gov. Bradley on the Lynching. FRANKFORT, Ky., Dec. 8.—Governor Bradley to-night gave out his first pubic utterance on the burning of the negro Dick Coleman, at Mayaville. This came in reply to an interview by Judge Jas. . Tarvin, of Covington, criticising the state authorities, and holding them responsible for the Maysville mob. The governor this afternoon wired Tar-vin, asking him if he had been correctly reported, and received the following re-

reported, and received the following reply:

"The penalty given Coleman may be considered justice, but the failure of the state authorities to protect him after he was in custody is wrong, and any ckizen has a right to criticise it. The fact that he was a negro, hardly above a brute, is only the more reason for practing him. If your telegram means fight, I have the choice of weapons, and choose cannon, you to stay at Frankfort and I at Covington. Please don't send the militia."

Weather Forecast for To-day. For West Virginia, Western Pennsylvania and Ohio-Fair Saturday, Sunday, Probably rain; variable winds, becoming fresh easterly.

Local Temperature. The temperature yesterday, as observed by C. Schnepf, druggist, corner Market and Fourteenth streets, was as follows: